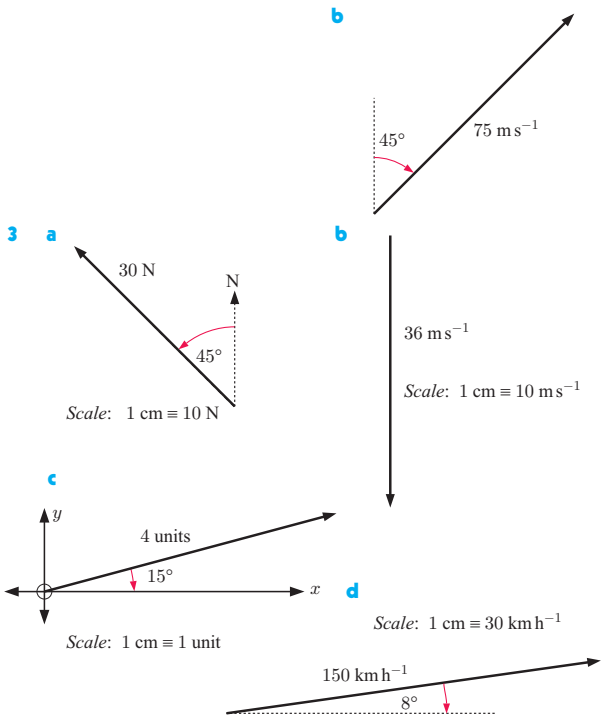
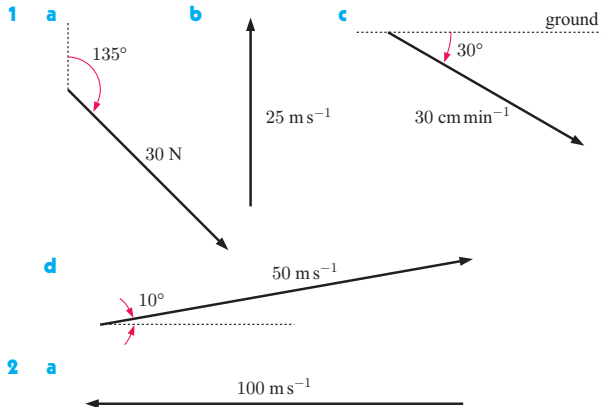


REVIEW SET 11C

- 1 a $x \approx -6.1, -3.4$ b $x \approx 0.8$
 2 a $x = \frac{3\pi}{2}$ b $x = \frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{5\pi}{6}, \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$
 3 a $x = \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{3\pi}{2}, \frac{5\pi}{2}, \frac{7\pi}{2}$ b $x = -\pi, -\frac{\pi}{3}, \pi, \frac{5\pi}{3}$
 4 a $\cos \theta$ b $-\sin \theta$ c $5 \cos^2 \theta$ d $-\cos \theta$
 5 a $4 \sin^2 \alpha - 4 \sin \alpha + 1$ b $1 - \sin 2\alpha$
 7 $\sin \theta = \frac{2}{\sqrt{13}}, \cos \theta = -\frac{3}{\sqrt{13}}$

EXERCISE 12A.1

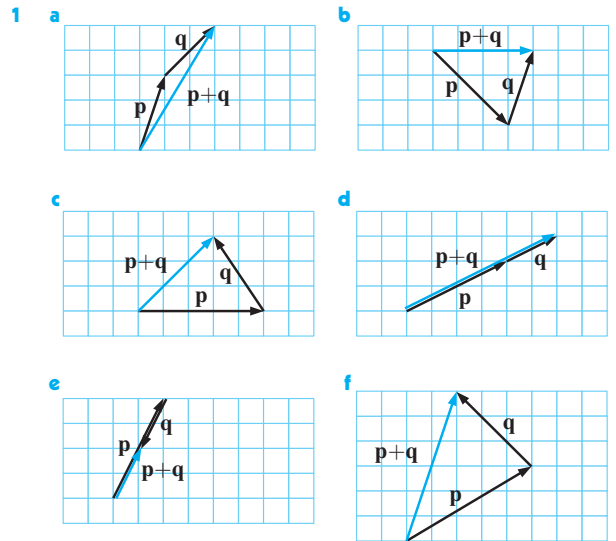


EXERCISE 12A.2

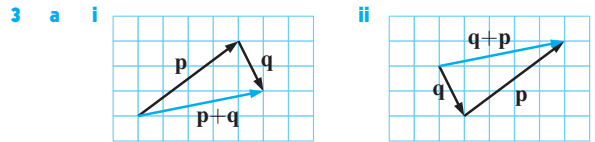
- 1 a p, q, s, t b p, q, r, t c p and r, q and t
 d q, t e p and q, p and t
 2 a true b true c false d false e true f false
 3 a i \vec{BC} ii \vec{ED}

- b i \vec{FE}, \vec{BC}
 ii $\vec{DE}, \vec{EF}, \vec{FE}, \vec{FA}, \vec{AF}, \vec{AB}, \vec{BA}, \vec{BC}, \vec{CB}, \vec{CD}, \vec{DC}$
 c \vec{FC} (or \vec{CF})

EXERCISE 12B.1

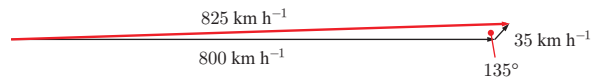


- 2 a \vec{AC} b \vec{BD} c 0 d \vec{AD} e \vec{AD} f 0



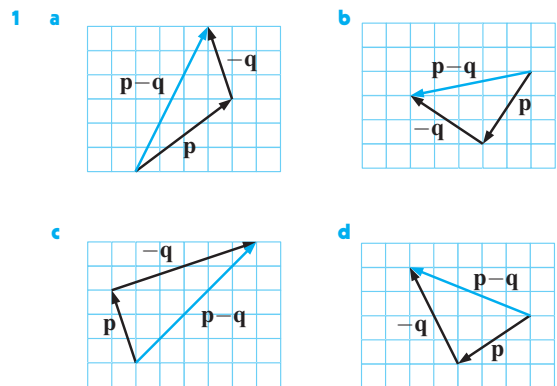
b yes

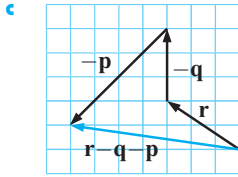
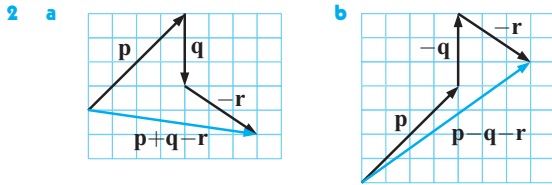
- 5 a Scale: 1 cm \equiv 125 km



- b We use vector addition.
 c 825 km h^{-1} , 88° east of north

EXERCISE 12B.2



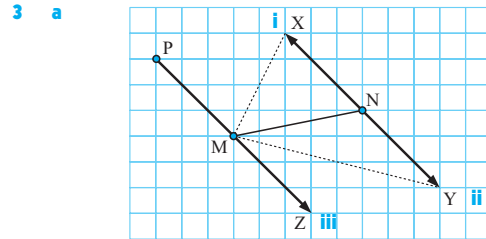
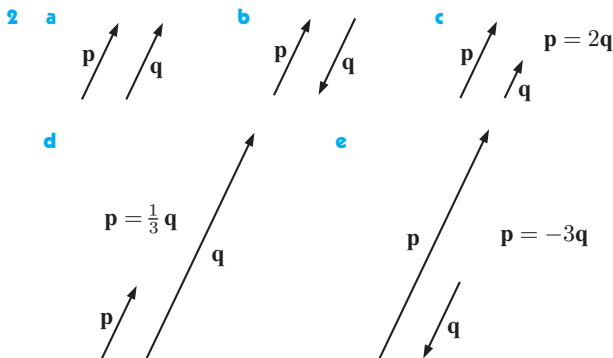
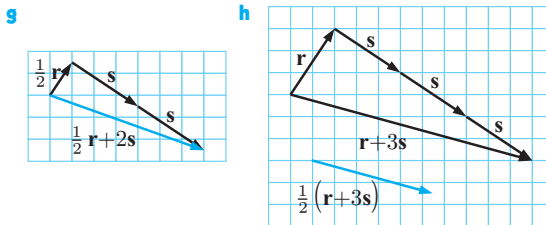
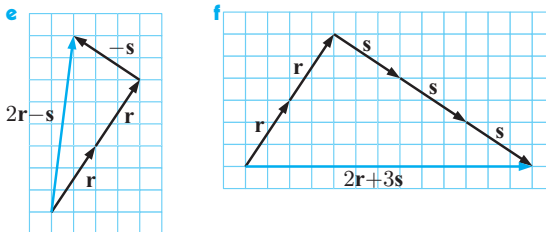
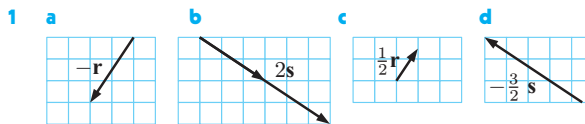


- 3 a \vec{AB} b \vec{AB} c 0 d \vec{AD} e 0 f \vec{AD}

EXERCISE 12B.3

- 1 a $t = r + s$ b $r = -s - t$
 c $r = -p - q - s$ d $r = q - p + s$
 e $p = t + s + r - q$ f $p = -u + t + s - r - q$
- 2 a i $r + s$ ii $-t - s$ iii $r + s + t$
 b i $p + q$ ii $q + r$ iii $p + q + r$

EXERCISE 12B.4

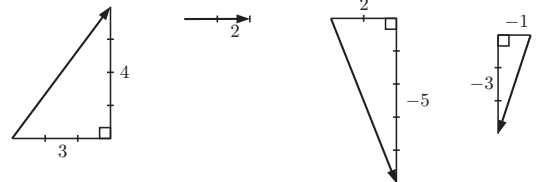


b a parallelogram

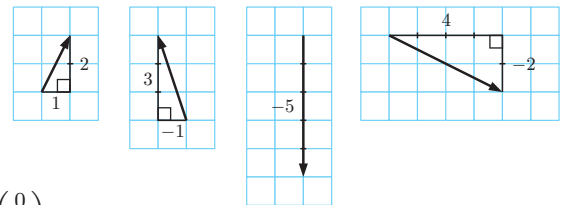
- 4 a $-p$ b $p + q$ c $\frac{1}{2}(p + q)$ d $\frac{1}{2}(q - p)$
 5 a b b 2b c b - a d b - a

EXERCISE 12C

- 1 a $\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$, $7i + 3j$ b $\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$, $-6i$
 c $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$, $2i - 5j$ d $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$, $6j$
 e $\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$, $-6i + 3j$ f $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$, $-5i - 5j$
- 2 a $3i + 4j$ b $2i$ c $2i - 5j$ d $-i - 3j$



- 3 a $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$, $-4i - j$ b $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$, $-i - 5j$
 c $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$, $2i$ d $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}$, $3i - 4j$
 e $\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$, $-3i + 4j$ f $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$, $3i + 5j$
- 4 a $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ c $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ d $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$



- 5 $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$

EXERCISE 12D

- 1 a 5 units b 5 units c 2 units
 d $\sqrt{8}$ units e 3 units
- 2 a $\sqrt{2}$ units b 13 units c $\sqrt{17}$ units
 d 3 units e $|k|$ units
- 3 a unit vector b unit vector c not a unit vector
 d unit vector e not a unit vector
- 4 a $k = \pm 1$ b $k = \pm 1$ c $k = 0$
 d $k = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ e $k = \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
- 5 $p = \pm 3$

EXERCISE 12E

1 a $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$ c $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ d $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

e $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$ f $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$ g $\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ h $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

2 a $\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$ c $\begin{pmatrix} -8 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ d $\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$

e $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ f $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}$

3 a $\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{0} = \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a_1 + 0 \\ a_2 + 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{a}$

b $\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} a_1 \\ a_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a_1 - a_1 \\ a_2 - a_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{0}$

4 a $\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -15 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ c $\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 14 \end{pmatrix}$ d $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$

e $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{11}{2} \end{pmatrix}$ f $\begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ g $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix}$ h $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ \frac{17}{3} \end{pmatrix}$

5 a $\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ c $\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

6 a $\sqrt{13}$ units b $\sqrt{17}$ units c $5\sqrt{2}$ units d $\sqrt{10}$ units
e $\sqrt{29}$ units

7 a $\sqrt{10}$ units b $2\sqrt{10}$ units c $2\sqrt{10}$ units d $3\sqrt{10}$ units
e $3\sqrt{10}$ units f $2\sqrt{5}$ units g $8\sqrt{5}$ units h $8\sqrt{5}$ units
i $\sqrt{5}$ units j $\sqrt{5}$ units

EXERCISE 12F

1 a $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$ c $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$ d $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$

e $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ f $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$

2 a (4, 2) b (2, 2) 3 a $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ b (3, 3)

4 a $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ c D(-1, -2)

5 a $\vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ k-3 \end{pmatrix}$, $|\vec{AB}| = \sqrt{16 + (k-3)^2} = 5$ units

b $k = 0$ or 6

6 a $\vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$, $\vec{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$

b $\vec{BC} = \vec{BA} + \vec{AC} = -\vec{AB} + \vec{AC}$ c $\vec{BC} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix}$

7 a $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ c $\begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$

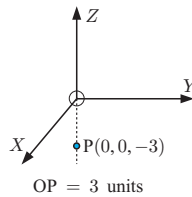
8 a M(1, 4) b $\vec{CA} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$, $\vec{CM} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$, $\vec{CB} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

EXERCISE 12G

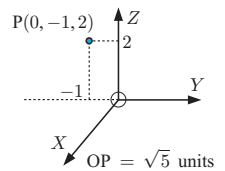
1 a  b $\vec{OT} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$

c $OT = \sqrt{26}$ units

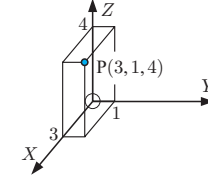
2 a



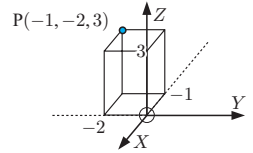
b



c



d



3 a $\vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$, $\vec{BA} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$

b $AB = \sqrt{26}$ units, $BA = \sqrt{26}$ units

4 $\vec{OA} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$, $\vec{OB} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$, $\vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$

5 a $\vec{NM} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\vec{MN} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

c $MN = \sqrt{42}$ units

6 a $\vec{OA} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$, $OA = \sqrt{30}$ units

b $\vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$, $AB = \sqrt{17}$ units

c $\vec{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -1 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$, $AC = \sqrt{30}$ units

d $\vec{CB} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$, $CB = \sqrt{35}$ units

e ABC is scalene, and not right angled.

7 a $\sqrt{13}$ units b $\sqrt{14}$ units c 3 units

9 a right angled b straight line (not a triangle)

10 a $|\vec{AB}| = \sqrt{158}$ units, $|\vec{BC}| = \sqrt{129}$ units,
 $|\vec{AC}| = \sqrt{29}$ units, and $29 + 129 = 158$

b area ≈ 30.6 units²

11 (0, 3, 5), $r = \sqrt{3}$ units

12 a (0, y, 0) b (0, 2, 0) and (0, -4, 0)

13 a $a = 5$, $b = 6$, $c = -6$ b $a = 4$, $b = 2$, $c = 1$

14 a $k = \pm \frac{\sqrt{11}}{4}$ b $k = \pm \frac{2}{3}$

15 a $r = 2$, $s = 4$, $t = -7$ b $r = -4$, $s = 0$, $t = 3$

16 a $\vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$, $\vec{DC} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

b ABCD is a parallelogram.

17 a S(-2, 8, -3) b midpoints are at $(-\frac{1}{2}, 3, 1)$

EXERCISE 12H

- 1 a $x = \frac{1}{2}q$ b $x = 2n$ c $x = -\frac{1}{3}p$
 d $x = \frac{1}{2}(r - q)$ e $x = \frac{1}{5}(4s - t)$ f $x = 3(4m - n)$
- 2 a $x = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -6 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ b $x = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -\frac{2}{3} \\ \frac{5}{3} \end{pmatrix}$ c $x = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{2} \\ -1 \\ \frac{5}{2} \end{pmatrix}$
- 3 $\vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$, $AB = \sqrt{29}$ units
- 4 a $\vec{AB} = 4i - 5j - k$ b $\sqrt{42}$ units
- 5 a $\sqrt{10}$ b $\sqrt{6}$ c $2\sqrt{10}$ d $2\sqrt{10}$
 e $-3\sqrt{6}$ f $3\sqrt{6}$ g $3\sqrt{2}$ h $\sqrt{14}$
- 6 $\vec{AC} = -i - 2k$
- 8 C(5, 1, -8), D(8, -1, -13), E(11, -3, -18)
- 9 a parallelogram b parallelogram c not parallelogram
- 10 a D(9, -1) b R(3, 1, 6) c X(2, -1, 0)
- 11 a $\vec{BD} = \frac{1}{2}a$ b $\vec{AB} = b - a$ c $\vec{BA} = -b + a$
 d $\vec{OD} = b + \frac{1}{2}a$ e $\vec{AD} = b - \frac{1}{2}a$ f $\vec{DA} = \frac{1}{2}a - b$
- 12 a $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ c $\begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 6 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$
- 13 a $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ c $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ -9 \end{pmatrix}$
 d $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ \frac{3}{2} \\ -\frac{7}{2} \end{pmatrix}$ e $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -4 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ f $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$
- 14 a $\sqrt{11}$ units b $\sqrt{14}$ units c $\sqrt{38}$ units
 d $\sqrt{3}$ units e $\begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{11} \\ -3\sqrt{11} \\ 2\sqrt{11} \end{pmatrix}$ f $\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{\sqrt{11}} \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{11}} \\ \frac{3}{\sqrt{11}} \end{pmatrix}$
- 15 a $a = \frac{1}{3}, b = 2, c = 1$ b $a = 1, b = -1, c = 2$
 c $a = 4, b = -1$

EXERCISE 12I

- 1 $r = 3, s = -9$ 2 $a = -6, b = -4$
- 3 a $\vec{AB} \parallel \vec{CD}$, $AB = 3CD$
 b $\vec{RS} \parallel \vec{KL}$, $RS = \frac{1}{2}KL$ opposite direction
 c A, B, and C are collinear and $AB = 2BC$
- 4 a $\vec{PR} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$, $\vec{QS} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -6 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$, $2\vec{PR} = \vec{QS}$
 b $PR = \frac{1}{2}QS$
- 5 a $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$
- 6 a $\frac{1}{\sqrt{5}}(i + 2j)$ b $\frac{1}{\sqrt{13}}(2i - 3k)$ c $\frac{1}{3}(2i - 2j + k)$
- 7 a $\frac{3}{\sqrt{5}}\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\frac{2}{\sqrt{17}}\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$

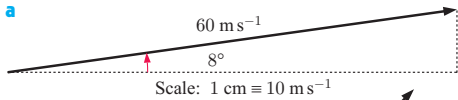
- 8 a $\vec{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 2\sqrt{2} \\ -2\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$ b $\vec{OB} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 + 2\sqrt{2} \\ 2 - 2\sqrt{2} \end{pmatrix}$
 c $B(3 + 2\sqrt{2}, 2 - 2\sqrt{2})$
- 9 a $\pm\frac{1}{3}\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\pm\frac{2}{3}\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$
- 10 a $\sqrt{2}\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\frac{5}{3}\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$

EXERCISE 12J

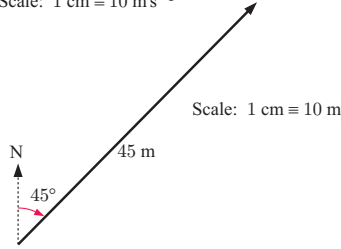
- 1 a 7 b 22 c 29 d 66 e 52 f 3 g 5 h 1
- 2 a 2 b 2 c 14 d 14 e 4 f 4
- 3 a -1 b 94.1° 4 a $\approx 140^\circ$ b $\approx 114^\circ$
- 5 a 1 b 1 c 0 6 a 5 b -9
- 7 a i ± 12 ii 6
 b i $a \cdot b$ is not 0 ii 12 units
 c i $c = d$ ii $c = -d$
- 8 a $(\cos \theta, \sin \theta)$
 b $\vec{BP} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta + 1 \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}$, $\vec{AP} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta - 1 \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}$
 c $\vec{AP} \cdot \vec{BP} = \cos^2 \theta + \sin^2 \theta - 1$
 $\therefore \vec{AP} \cdot \vec{BP} = 0$
 d The angle in a semi-circle is a right angle.
- 10 a $t = 6$ b $t = -8$ c $t = 0$ or 2
- 11 a $t = -\frac{3}{2}$ b $t = -\frac{6}{7}$ c $t = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{5}}{2}$
- 12 b Hint: Show $a \cdot b = b \cdot c = a \cdot c = 0$
 c i $t = -\frac{3}{2}$ ii $t = -\frac{5}{6}$
- 13 a \widehat{BAC} is a right angle b not right angled
 c \widehat{BAC} is a right angle d \widehat{ACB} is a right angle
- 14 $\vec{AB} \cdot \vec{AC} = 0$, $\therefore \widehat{BAC}$ is a right angle
- 15 b $|\vec{AB}| = \sqrt{14}$ units, $|\vec{BC}| = \sqrt{14}$ units,
 ABCD is a rhombus
 c 0, the diagonals of a rhombus are perpendicular
- 16 a $k\begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$, $k \neq 0$ b $k\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$, $k \neq 0$
 c $k\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$, $k \neq 0$ d $k\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$, $k \neq 0$
 e $k\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$, $k \neq 0$
- 17 Hint: Choose a vector $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix}$, where a and b are integers.
 Solve for c such that $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} = 0$.
- 18 $\widehat{ABC} \approx 62.5^\circ$, the exterior angle $\approx 117.5^\circ$
- 19 a 54.7° b 60° c 35.3°
- 20 a 30.3° b 54.2° 21 a $M(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{5}{2}, \frac{3}{2})$ b 51.5°
- 22 a $t = 0$ or -3 b $r = -2, s = 5, t = -4$
- 23 a 74.5° b 72.5°

REVIEW SET 12A

1 a

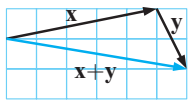


b

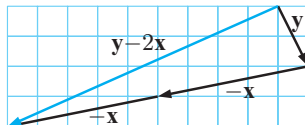
2 a \vec{AC} b \vec{AD} 3 a $\mathbf{q} = \mathbf{p} + \mathbf{r}$ b $\mathbf{l} = \mathbf{k} - \mathbf{j} + \mathbf{n} - \mathbf{m}$ 4 $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$ 5 a $\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$ b $\frac{3}{2}\mathbf{p} + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{q}$ 6 $m = 5, n = -\frac{1}{2}$ 7 $\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ -8 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ 8 a -13 b -36 10 $k = 6$ 11 $t \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, t \neq 0$ 12 a i $\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{q}$ ii $\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{p} + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{q}$ 13 a $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} = -4$ b $\mathbf{b} \cdot \mathbf{c} = 10$ c $\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{c} = -10$ 14 $a = -2, b = 0$ 15 a $\mathbf{q} + \mathbf{r}$ b $\mathbf{r} + \mathbf{q}$, $DB = AC$, $[DB] \parallel [AC]$ 16 a $t = -4$ b $\vec{LM} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}, \vec{KM} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$
 $\therefore \hat{M} = 90^\circ$

REVIEW SET 12B

1 a



b

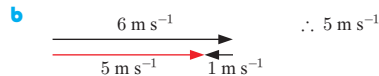
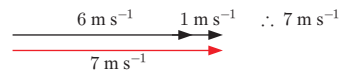
2 $AB = AC = \sqrt{53}$ units and $BC = \sqrt{46}$ units
 $\therefore \triangle$ is isosceles3 a $\sqrt{13}$ units b $\sqrt{10}$ units c $\sqrt{109}$ units4 $r = 4, s = 7$ 5 a $\begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\sqrt{46}$ units c $(-1, 3\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2})$ 6 $c = \frac{50}{3}$ 7 $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -\frac{5}{3} \\ -\frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}$ 8 64.0° 9 $(0, 0, 1)$ and $(0, 0, 9)$ 10 $t = \frac{2}{3}$ or -3 11 a 8 b 62.2° 12 a $\vec{AC} = -\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{r}$, $\vec{BC} = -\mathbf{q} + \mathbf{r}$ 13 $\pm \frac{4}{\sqrt{14}}(3\mathbf{i} - 2\mathbf{j} + \mathbf{k})$ 14 16.1° 15 a $k = \pm \frac{1}{2}$ b $-\frac{5}{\sqrt{14}} \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

REVIEW SET 12C

1 a \vec{PQ} b \vec{PR} 2 a $\begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -3 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -3 \\ -26 \end{pmatrix}$ c $\sqrt{74}$ units3 a $AB = \frac{1}{2}CD$, $[AB] \parallel [CD]$ b C is the midpoint of $[AB]$.4 a $\vec{PQ} = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 12 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ b $\sqrt{162}$ units c $\sqrt{61}$ units5 a $\mathbf{r} + \mathbf{q}$ b $-\mathbf{p} + \mathbf{r} + \mathbf{q}$ c $\mathbf{r} + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{q}$ d $-\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{p} + \frac{1}{2}\mathbf{r}$ 6 a $\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{2}{3} \end{pmatrix}$ b $\mathbf{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -10 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ 7 $\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{w} = \pm 6$ 8 $t = 2 \pm \sqrt{2}$ 9 $\hat{K} \approx 123.7^\circ, \hat{L} \approx 11.3^\circ, \hat{M} = 45^\circ$ 10 a $k = \pm \frac{12}{13}$ b $k = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ 11 40.7° 13 $\vec{OT} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$ or $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ 14 a 10 b 61.6° 15 $\sin \theta = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$

EXERCISE 13A

1 a

2 a 1.34 m s^{-1} b i 30° to the right of straight across ii 1.04 m s^{-1} 3 a 24.6 km h^{-1} b $\approx 170^\circ$ 4 a 82.5 m b 23.3° to the left of straight across c 48.4 s 5 a The plane's speed in still air would be $\approx 437 \text{ km h}^{-1}$.
The wind slows the plane down to 400 km h^{-1} .b 4.65° north of due east

EXERCISE 13B

1 a i $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, t \in \mathbb{R}$ ii $x = 3 + t, y = -4 + 4t, t \in \mathbb{R}$ iii $4x - y = 16$ b i $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}, t \in \mathbb{R}$ ii $x = 5 - 2t, y = 2 + 5t, t \in \mathbb{R}$ iii $5x + 2y = 21$ c i $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}, t \in \mathbb{R}$ ii $x = -6 + 3t, y = 7t, t \in \mathbb{R}$ iii $7x - 3y = -42$ d i $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, t \in \mathbb{R}$ ii $x = -1 - 2t, y = 11 + t, t \in \mathbb{R}$ iii $x + 2y = 21$ 2 a $x = -1 + 2t, y = 4 - t, t \in \mathbb{R}$ b Points are: $(-1, 4), (1, 3), (5, 1), (-3, 5), (-9, 8)$ 3 a When $t = 1, x = 3, y = -2, \therefore$ yes b $k = -5$ 4 a $(0, 8)$ b It is a non-zero scalar multiple of $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ c $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} + s \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}, s \in \mathbb{R}$

$$5 \text{ a i } \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -7 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\text{ii } x = 1 + 2t, y = 3 + t, z = -7 + 3t, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$6 \text{ b i } \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\text{ii } x = 6, y = 1 + t, z = 2 - 2t, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$7 \text{ c i } \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\text{ii } x = -2 + t, y = 2, z = 1, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$8 \text{ d i } \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\text{ii } x = 2t, y = 2 - t, z = -1 + 3t, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$6 \text{ a } \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$7 \text{ b } \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 0 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix}, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$8 \text{ c } \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$9 \text{ d } \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}, t \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$7 \text{ a } \left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{2}, 0\right) \quad \text{b } (0, 4, 1) \quad \text{c } (4, 0, 9)$$

$$8 \text{ } (0, 7, 3) \text{ and } \left(\frac{20}{3}, -\frac{19}{3}, -\frac{11}{3}\right)$$

EXERCISE 13C

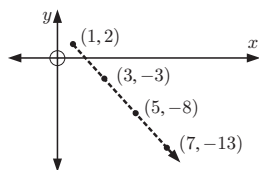
$$1 \text{ } 33.7^\circ \quad 2 \text{ } \mathbf{b}_1 \bullet \mathbf{b}_2 = 0 \quad 3 \text{ } 75.5^\circ$$

$$4 \text{ a } 28.6^\circ \quad \text{b } x = -\frac{48}{7}$$

$$5 \text{ a } 78.7^\circ \quad \text{b } 63.4^\circ \quad \text{c } 63.4^\circ \quad \text{d } 71.6^\circ$$

EXERCISE 13D

$$1 \text{ a } (1, 2) \quad \text{b } \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{d } \sqrt{29} \text{ cm s}^{-1}$$



$$2 \text{ a } \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}, t \geq 0 \quad \text{b } (8, -4.5)$$

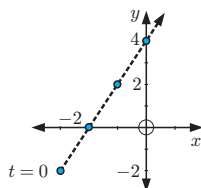
$$\text{c } 45 \text{ minutes}$$

$$3 \text{ a } \begin{pmatrix} -3 + 2t \\ -2 + 4t \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{d } \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{b } \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{c i } t = 1.5 \text{ s}$$

$$\text{ii } t = 0.5 \text{ s}$$



$$4 \text{ a i } (-4, 3) \quad \text{ii } \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{iii } 13 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$5 \text{ b i } (3, 0, 4) \quad \text{ii } \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{iii } 3 \text{ m s}^{-1}$$

$$5 \text{ a } \begin{pmatrix} 120 \\ -90 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{b } \begin{pmatrix} 20\sqrt{5} \\ 10\sqrt{5} \end{pmatrix} \quad 6 \begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ 30 \\ -84 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$7 \text{ a } \text{A is at } (4, 5), \text{ B is at } (1, -8)$$

$$\text{b } \text{For A it is } \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}. \text{ For B it is } \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\text{c } \text{For A, speed is } \sqrt{5} \text{ km h}^{-1}. \text{ For B, speed is } \sqrt{5} \text{ km h}^{-1}.$$

$$\text{d } \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \bullet \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

$$8 \text{ a } \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore x_1(t) = -5 + 3t, y_1(t) = 4 - t$$

$$\text{b } \text{speed} = \sqrt{10} \text{ km min}^{-1}$$

$$\text{c } a \text{ minutes later, } (t - a) \text{ min have elapsed.}$$

$$\therefore \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 15 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} + (t - a) \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore x_2(t) = 15 - 4(t - a), y_2(t) = 7 - 3(t - a)$$

$$\text{d } \text{Torpedo is fired at } 1:35:28 \text{ pm and the explosion occurs at } 1:37:42 \text{ pm.}$$

$$9 \text{ a } \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \\ -0.5 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{b } \approx 19.2 \text{ km h}^{-1}$$

$$\text{c } \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 9 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 1 \\ -0.5 \end{pmatrix}, t \in \mathbb{R} \quad \text{d } 1 \text{ hour}$$

EXERCISE 13E

$$1 \text{ a } \frac{3}{5}\sqrt{5} \text{ units} \quad \text{b } \frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2} \text{ units} \quad \text{c } \frac{9}{2}\sqrt{2} \text{ units}$$

$$\text{d } 0 \text{ units}$$

$$2 \text{ a } 6\mathbf{i} - 6\mathbf{j} \quad \text{b } \begin{pmatrix} 6 - 6t \\ -6 + 8t \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{c } \text{when } t = \frac{3}{4} \text{ hours}$$

$$\text{d } t = 0.84 \text{ and position is } (0.96, 0.72)$$

$$3 \text{ a } \begin{pmatrix} -120 \\ -40 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{b } \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 200 \\ 100 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} -120 \\ -40 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{c } (80, 60) \quad \text{d } |\overrightarrow{OP}| = \sqrt{80^2 + 60^2} = 100 \text{ km}$$

$$\text{e } \text{at } 1:45 \text{ pm and } d_{\min} \approx 31.6 \text{ km} \quad \text{f } 2:30 \text{ pm}$$

$$4 \text{ a } \text{A}(18, 0) \text{ and } \text{B}(0, 12) \quad \text{b } \text{R is at } \left(x, \frac{36 - 2x}{3}\right)$$

$$\text{c } \overrightarrow{PR} = \begin{pmatrix} x - 4 \\ \frac{36 - 2x}{3} \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } \overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} -18 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{d } \left(\frac{108}{13}, \frac{84}{13}\right) \text{ and distance } \approx 7.77 \text{ km}$$

$$5 \text{ a } \text{A}(3, -4) \text{ and } \text{B}(4, 3)$$

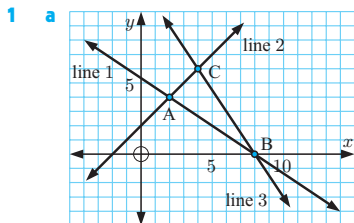
$$\text{b } \text{for A } \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ for B } \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{c } 82.9^\circ$$

$$\text{d } \text{at } t = 1.5 \text{ hours}$$

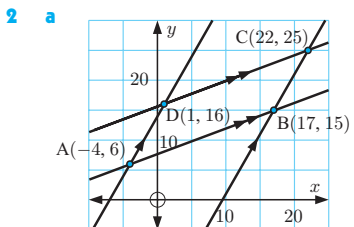
$$6 \text{ a } (2, -1, 4) \quad \text{b } \sqrt{27} \text{ units}$$

$$7 \text{ a } (2, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{5}{2}) \quad \text{b } \sqrt{\frac{3}{2}} \text{ units}$$

EXERCISE 13F



- b $A(2, 4)$,
 $B(8, 0)$,
 $C(4, 6)$
 c $BC = BA$
 $= \sqrt{52}$ units
 \therefore isosceles \triangle



- b $A(-4, 6)$,
 $B(17, 15)$,
 $C(22, 25)$,
 $D(1, 16)$

- 3 a $A(2, 3)$, $B(8, 6)$, $C(5, 0)$
 b $AB = BC = \sqrt{45}$ units, $AC = \sqrt{18}$ units
 4 a $P(10, 4)$, $Q(3, -1)$, $R(20, -10)$
 b $\vec{PQ} = \begin{pmatrix} -7 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$, $\vec{PR} = \begin{pmatrix} 10 \\ -14 \end{pmatrix}$, $\vec{PQ} \cdot \vec{PR} = 0$
 c $\widehat{QPR} = 90^\circ$ d 74 units²
 5 a A is at $(2, 5)$, $B(18, 9)$, $C(14, 25)$, $D(-2, 21)$
 b $\vec{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 20 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\vec{DB} = \begin{pmatrix} 20 \\ -12 \end{pmatrix}$
 i $\sqrt{544}$ units ii $\sqrt{544}$ units iii 0
 c Diagonals are perpendicular and equal in length, and as their midpoints are both $(8, 15)$, ABCD is a square.

EXERCISE 13G

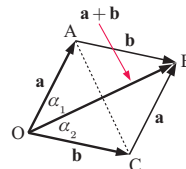
- 1 a They intersect at $(1, 2, 3)$, angle $\approx 10.9^\circ$.
 b Lines are skew, angle $\approx 62.7^\circ$.
 c They are parallel, \therefore angle $= 0^\circ$.
 d They are skew, angle $\approx 11.4^\circ$.
 e They intersect at $(-4, 7, -7)$, angle $\approx 40.2^\circ$.
 f They are parallel, \therefore angle $= 0^\circ$.
 g They are coincident, \therefore angle $= 0^\circ$

REVIEW SET 13A

- 1 a $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$
 b $x = -6 + 4t$, $y = 3 - 3t$, $t \in \mathbb{R}$ c $3x + 4y = -6$
 2 $m = 10$
 3 a $(5, 2)$ b $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$ is a non-zero scalar multiple of $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$
 c $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + s \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix}$
 4 a $x = 2 + t$, $y = 4t$, $z = 1 - 3t$, $t \in \mathbb{R}$
 b Use $\cos \theta = \frac{|\vec{PQ} \cdot \vec{QR}|}{|\vec{PQ}| |\vec{QR}|}$
 5 a $A(5, 2)$, $B(6, 5)$, $C(8, 3)$
 b $|\vec{AB}| = \sqrt{10}$ units, $|\vec{BC}| = \sqrt{8}$ units, $|\vec{AC}| = \sqrt{10}$ units
 c isosceles

- 6 a OABC is a rhombus.

So, its diagonals bisect its angles.

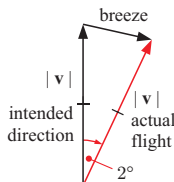


b $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 3 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} \end{pmatrix}$, $t \in \mathbb{R}$

c $(7, 3\frac{3}{4}, -3\frac{1}{4})$

- 7 $(4, 1, -3)$ and $(1, -5, 0)$

- 8 a



- b i isosceles triangle \therefore 2 remaining angles $= 89^\circ$ each, breeze makes angle of $180 - 89 = 91^\circ$ to intended direction of the arrow.

ii bisect angle 2° and use $\sin 1^\circ = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \text{ speed}}{|\mathbf{v}|}$
 \therefore speed $= 2|\mathbf{v}| \sin 1^\circ$

REVIEW SET 13B

- 1 $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 8 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$, $t \in \mathbb{R}$
 2 a i $-6\mathbf{i} + 10\mathbf{j}$ ii $-5\mathbf{i} - 15\mathbf{j}$
 iii $(-6 - 5t)\mathbf{i} + (10 - 15t)\mathbf{j}$
 b $t = 0.48$ h
 c shortest distance ≈ 8.85 km, so will miss reef
 3 a i $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$, $t \in \mathbb{R}$
 ii $x = 2 + 4t$, $y = -3 - t$, $t \in \mathbb{R}$
 b i $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 6 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -8 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$, $t \in \mathbb{R}$
 ii $x = -1 + 6t$, $y = 6 - 8t$, $z = 3 - 3t$, $t \in \mathbb{R}$
 4 a 11.5° east of due north b ≈ 343 km h⁻¹ 5 8.13°
 6 a X23, $x_1 = 2 + t$, $y_1 = 4 - 3t$, $t \geq 0$
 b Y18, $x_2 = 13 - t$, $y_2 = 3 - 2a + at$, $t \geq 2$
 c interception occurred at 2:22:30 pm
 d bearing $\approx 193^\circ$, ≈ 4.54 units per minute
 7 a intersecting at $(4, 3, 1)$, angle $\approx 44.5^\circ$
 b skew, angle $\approx 71.2^\circ$

REVIEW SET 13C

- 1 $2\sqrt{10}(3\mathbf{i} - \mathbf{j})$
 2 a $(-4, 3)$ b $(28, 27)$ c $\begin{pmatrix} 8 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$ d 10 m s^{-1}
 3 a (KL) is parallel to (MN) as $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ is parallel to $\begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$
 b (KL) is perpendicular to (NK) as $\begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} = 0$
 and (NK) is perpendicular to (MN) as $\begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 10 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = 0$

- c** K(7, 17), L(22, 11), M(33, -5), N(3, 7) **d** 261 units²
4 30.5°
5 a $|\overrightarrow{AB}| = \sqrt{22}$ units
b A lies on the line **r** where $\lambda = -3$ and B lies on **r** where $\lambda = 0$ \therefore the line between A and B is the same as line **r**, so it can be described by **r**.
c 70.5°
6 a Road A: $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -9 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + t \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}, t \in \mathbb{R}$
 Road B: $\begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ -18 \end{pmatrix} + s \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 12 \end{pmatrix}, s \in \mathbb{R}$
b Road B, 13 km
7 a $\overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AC} = \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ -1 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} = 0$
b i $x = 4 - 2t, y = 2 - t, z = -1 + 6t, t \in \mathbb{R}$
ii $x = 4 + 5s, y = 2 + 2s, z = -1 + 2s, s \in \mathbb{R}$

EXERCISE 14A

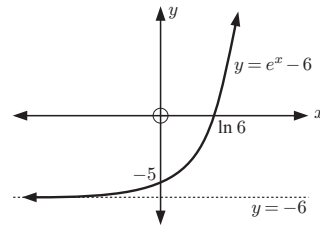
- 1 a** 7 **b** 7 **c** 11 **d** 16 **e** 0 **f** 5
2 a 5 **b** 7 **c** c
3 a -2 **b** 7 **c** -1 **d** 1
4 a -3 **b** 5 **c** -1 **d** 6 **e** -4 **f** -8
g 1 **h** 2 **i** 5

EXERCISE 14B

- 1 a i** as $x \rightarrow 0^-$, $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$
 as $x \rightarrow 0^+$, $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$
 as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow 0^+$
 as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow 0^-$
 vertical asymptote $x = 0$, horizontal asymptote $y = 0$
ii $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 0, \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 0$
b i as $x \rightarrow -3^-$, $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$
 as $x \rightarrow -3^+$, $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$
 as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow 3^-$
 as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow 3^+$
 vertical asymptote $x = -3$, horizontal asymptote $y = 3$
ii $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 3, \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 3$
c i as $x \rightarrow -\frac{2}{3}^-$, $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$
 as $x \rightarrow -\frac{2}{3}^+$, $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$
 as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow -\frac{2}{3}^+$
 as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow -\frac{2}{3}^-$
 vertical asymptote $x = -\frac{2}{3}$,
 horizontal asymptote $y = -\frac{2}{3}$
ii $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\frac{2}{3}, \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = -\frac{2}{3}$
d i as $x \rightarrow 1^-$, $f(x) \rightarrow \infty$,
 as $x \rightarrow 1^+$, $f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$,
 as $x \rightarrow \infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow -1^-$
 as $x \rightarrow -\infty$, $f(x) \rightarrow -1^+$
 vertical asymptote $x = 1$, horizontal asymptote $y = -1$
ii $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -1, \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = -1$
e i as $x \rightarrow \infty, y \rightarrow 1^-$ horizontal asymptote $y = 1$
 as $x \rightarrow -\infty, y \rightarrow 1^-$ no vertical asymptote
ii $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 1, \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 1$

- f i** as $x \rightarrow \infty, f(x) \rightarrow 0^+$
 as $x \rightarrow -\infty, f(x) \rightarrow 0^-$
 horizontal asymptote $y = 0$
 no vertical asymptote
ii $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = 0, \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 0$

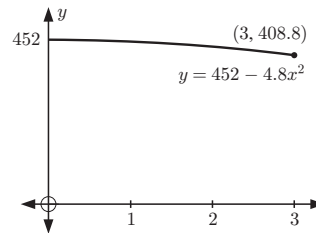
2 a



- b i** $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (e^x - 6) = -6$
ii $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (e^x - 6)$ does not exist
 $y = -6$ is a horizontal asymptote of $y = e^x - 6$.
3 $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (2e^{-x} - 3)$ does not exist, $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (2e^{-x} - 3) = -3$

EXERCISE 14C

1 a



- b** No
c i 0 ms⁻¹
ii 9.6 ms⁻¹
iii 19.2 ms⁻¹
iv 28.8 ms⁻¹

2 a

x	Point B	Gradient of [AB]
0	(0, 0)	2
1	(1, 1)	3
1.5	(1.5, 2.25)	3.5
1.9	(1.9, 3.61)	3.9
1.99	(1.99, 3.9601)	3.99
1.999	(1.999, 3.996 001)	3.999

x	Point B	Gradient of [AB]
5	(5, 25)	7
3	(3, 9)	5
2.5	(2.5, 6.25)	4.5
2.1	(2.1, 4.41)	4.1
2.01	(2.01, 4.0401)	4.01
2.001	(2.001, 4.004 001)	4.001

- b** $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2} = 4$
 The gradient of the tangent to $y = x^2$ at the point (2, 4) is 4.

EXERCISE 14D

- 1 a** 3 **b** 0 **2 a** 4 **b** -1 **3** $f(2) = 3, f'(2) = 1$

EXERCISE 14E

- 1 a i** 1 **ii** 0 **iii** $3x^2$ **iv** $4x^3$ **b** $f'(x) = nx^{n-1}$
2 a 2 **b** $2x - 3$ **c** $-2x + 5$
3 a $\frac{dy}{dx} = -1$ **b** $\frac{dy}{dx} = 4x + 1$ **c** $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3x^2 - 4x$