review

#### Grade 9 (Review)

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Office hour: Wednesday after school, every day from 6-7:30 am and at lunch time.

Test Day: January 18, 2017

### Unit 2: Collecting Like Terms

Simplify:

• 
$$x + x + y + y + y = 2x + 3y$$

• 
$$x + 2x^2 + x^2 = x + 3x^2$$

### Unit 2: Distribution Law

-Solve: Expand

• 
$$2(x+3) =$$

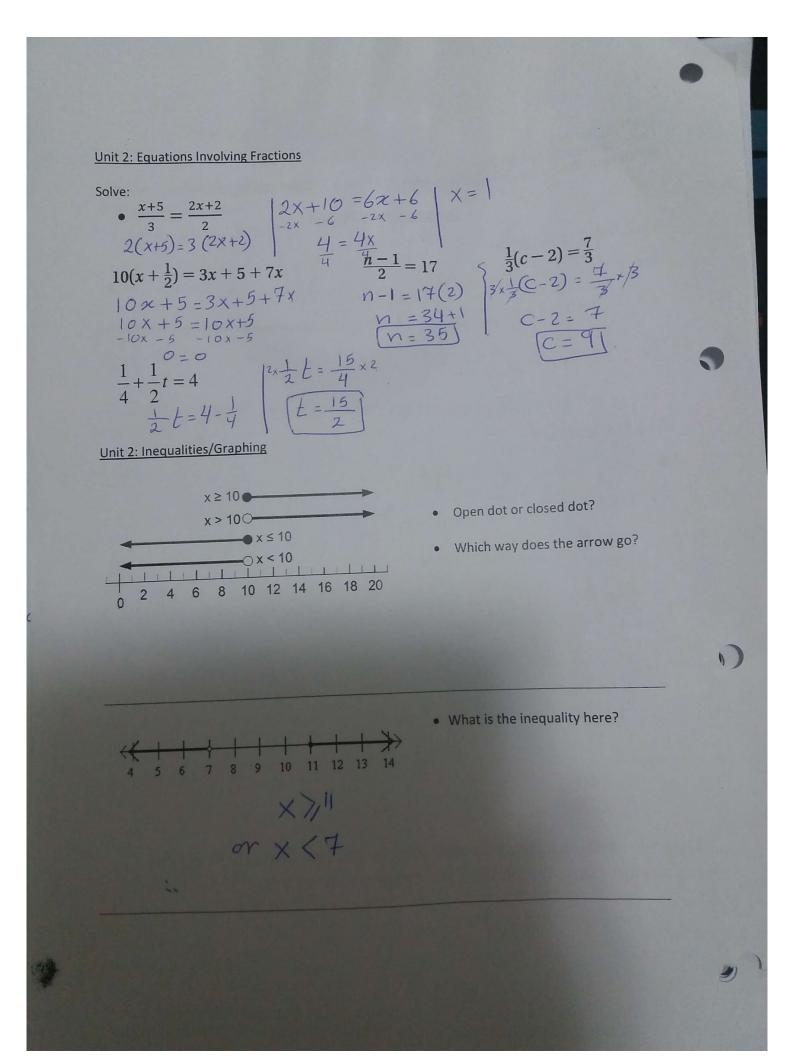
• 
$$4(2-x) = 8 - 4x$$

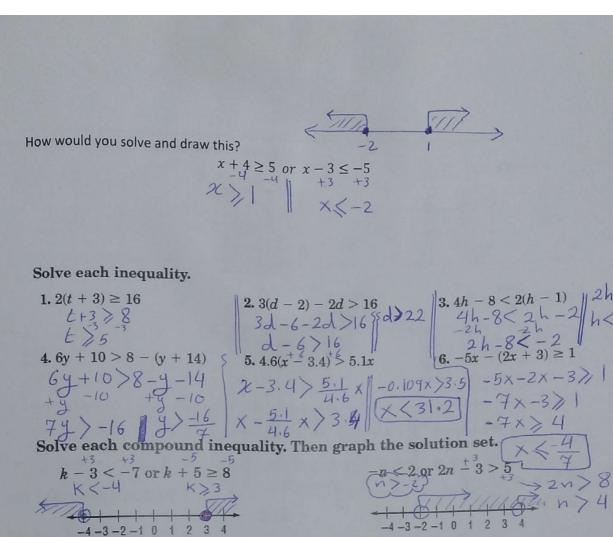
• 
$$-3(3-3x) = -9 + 9x$$

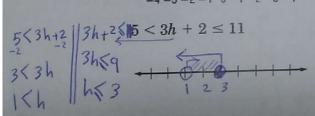
$$-7(5-4x) =$$
 $-36+28 \times$ 

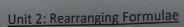
**Open-Ended** Suppose you used the Distributive Property to get the expression 12x + 3y - 9. With what expression could you have started?

1









Make y the subject:

$$v = U + ay$$

$$V - U = ay$$

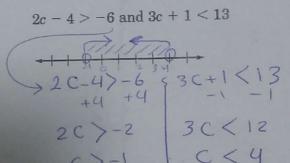
$$V - U = ay$$

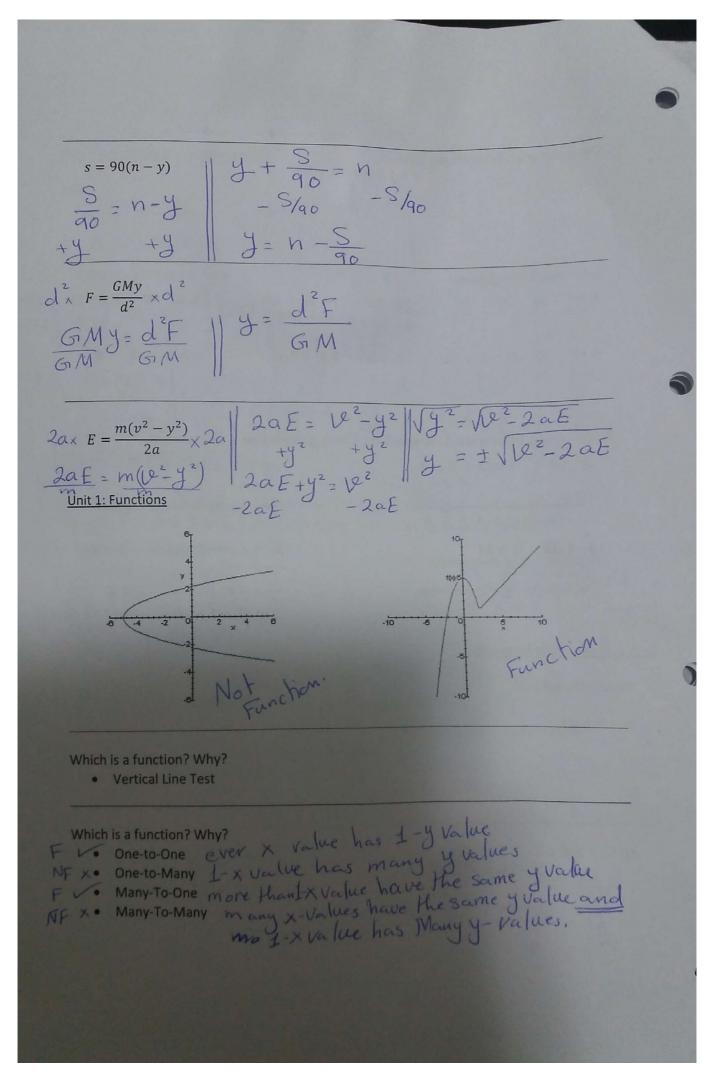
$$V - U = ay$$

$$ax + by + d = 0$$

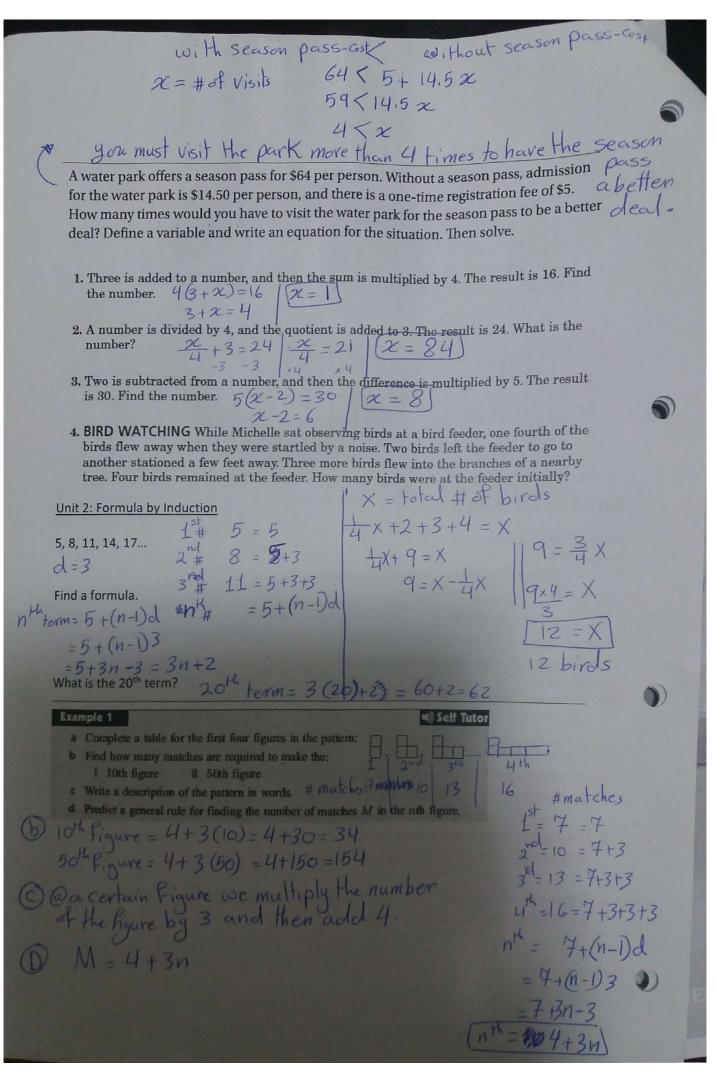
$$by = -d - ax$$

$$y = \frac{-d - ax}{b}$$





Determine whether each relation is a function. 3. Function 5. Not Function Function  $9.\{(-1,0),(1,0)\}$ 7.  $\{(4, 2), (2, 3), (6, 1)\}$ 8.  $\{(-3, -3), (-3, 4), (-2, 4)\}$ Unit 1: Formula Construction Not Function Function Jack pays \$2.50 per pen. He spends \$17.50. Write and solve an equation to model this situation. 2.5X = 17.50 Jill takes a taxi. The taxi charges \$5 to pick her up and \$3 per km. The taxi charges \$20. 3d+5=20 | d= 5 Km How far has Jill travelled? d = distance One music download store charges a monthly fee of \$10 plus \$1 per song downloaded. Another music download store charges a monthly fee of \$30 for all the songs you want to download. S = # of songs a. How many songs would you have to download from the first store for the have cost to be the same as the second store? 10 + 18 = 30b. If you only download 15 songs per month, from which download store would you buy your music? 1st store => 15x1 + 10 = \$25 is Buy from 1st store



#### Unit 1: Domain & Range

- Domain = x values
- Range = y values

How do you write Domain & Range?

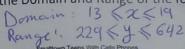
## Example:

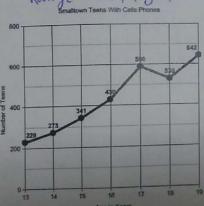
$$D = \{ | 0 \le x \le 4 \}$$
  
 $R = [ | y \le 6 \}$ 

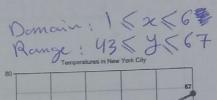
What could the graph look like?

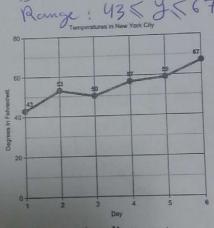


Find the Domain and Range of the following:





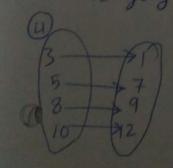




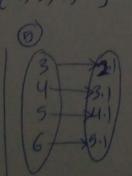
Identify the domain and range of each relation. Use a mapping diagram to determine whether the relation is a function.

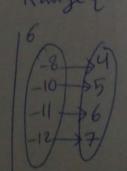
**4.** {(3, 1), (5, 7), (8, 9), (10, 12)}

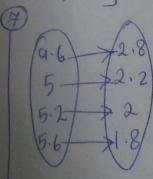
(3, 2.1), (4, 3.1), (5, 4.1), (6, 5.1)

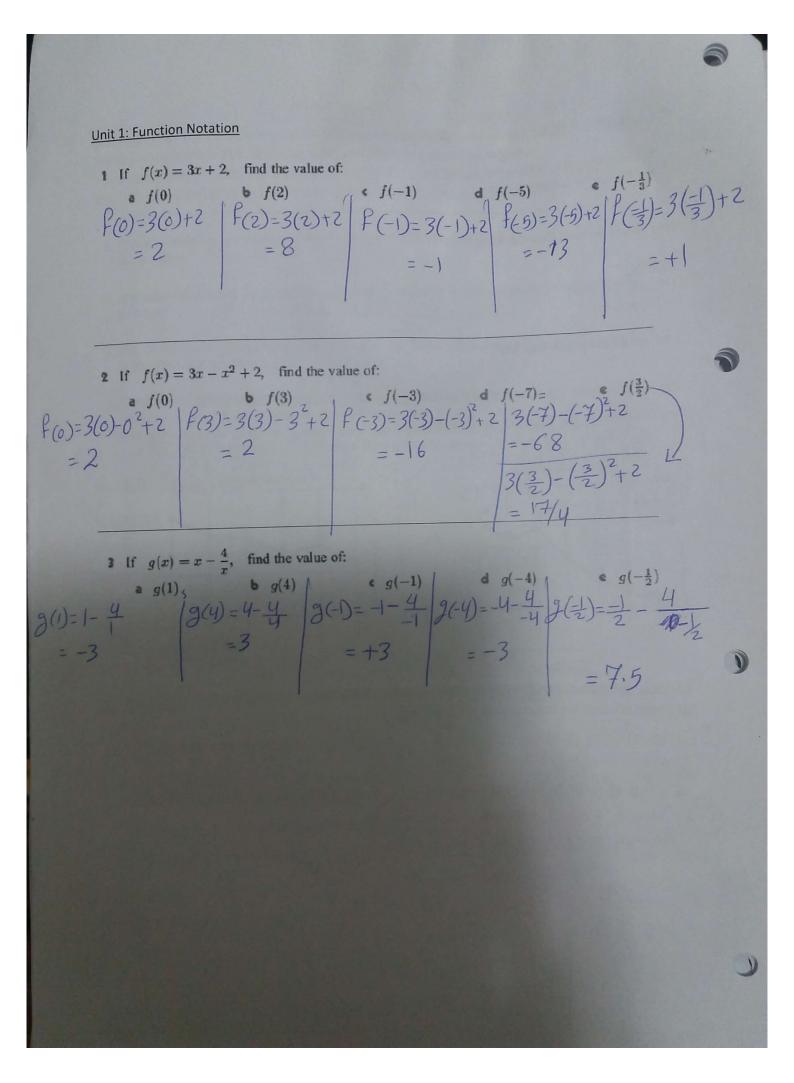


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# Unit 3: Gradient

How do you find the equation between two co-ordinates?

$$y = mx + b$$

- Find m (the gradient) first
- Use m and one of the co-ordinates to find b

# THE GRADIENT FORMULA

If A is  $(x_1, y_1)$  and B is  $(x_2, y_2)$  then the gradient of AB is  $\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ .

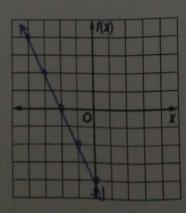
## **Practice Questions**

Find the equation of the line between the following pairs of co-ordinates.

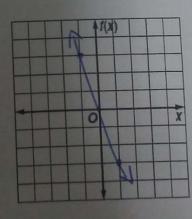
- $y=\frac{1}{3}x+\frac{1}{3}$  a (2, 1) and (5, 2)  $y=\frac{1}{3}x+\frac{1}{3}$  y=1.5x-5 c (2, -2) and (4, 1) y=0.75x+25 d (7, 2) and (-3, 2) y=2 x=-6 e (-6, -2) and (-6, -4) f (5, -1) and (-3, -3) y=0.25x-2.5

# Graph each equation.

1. 
$$y = -2x - 4$$



2. 
$$y = -3x$$



### Quadratics

Use the quadratic formula to solve each equation. If necessary, round to the nearest hundredth.

Jee the quadratic formula to solve each equation. If necessary, real nearest hundredth.

1. 
$$6g^2 + g - 2 = 0$$
  $g = 0.5$ ,  $g = -0.67$ 
 $= -2/3$ 

2.  $a^2 + 7a - 9 = 0$   $\alpha = 8.11$ 
 $b = 0.54$ 

2. 
$$a^2 + 7a - 9 = 0$$
  $\alpha = 8$ 

3. 
$$2h^2 - 3h + 2 = 0$$
 No solution

4. 
$$b^2 + 5b - 3 = 0$$
  $b = 0.54$ 

Solve each equation. If necessary, round to the nearest hundredth.

5. 
$$d^2 - d = 30$$
  
 $d = 6$ ,  $d = -5$ 

6. 
$$15x^2 - 23x + 4 = 0$$
  
 $x = \frac{4}{3} \times = \frac{5}{5}$ 

Find the vertex and axis of symmetry for the graph of each function using  $x = -\frac{b}{2a}$ .

1. 
$$f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 8$$
  
Vertex: (2, -12)  
axis of sym:  $x = 2$ 

3. 
$$y = -x^2 + 8x + 3$$

4. 
$$f(x) = 2x^2 + 6x + 5$$

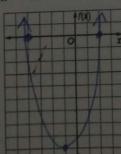
axis of x = 4

5. 
$$A(x) = x^2 + 12x + 36$$
  
 $(-6, 0)$   $X = -6$ 

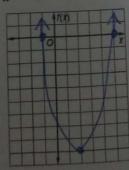
6. 
$$k(x) = -2x^2 + 2x - 6$$
  
 $\bigvee \left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\right) \stackrel{\circ}{0} \times = \frac{1}{2}$ 

Solve each equation by graphing

$$1.x^2 + 2x - 8 = 0$$



$$2. x^2 - 4x - 5 = 0$$



$$3. x^2 - 5x + 4 = 0$$

